

Rovfuglene i DOF's atlas og punkttællinger



DJ's & DOF's fælles Rovfugleprojekt, konference i Jagtens Hus den 25. august 2022

Thomas Vikstrøm & Daniel Palm Eskildsen

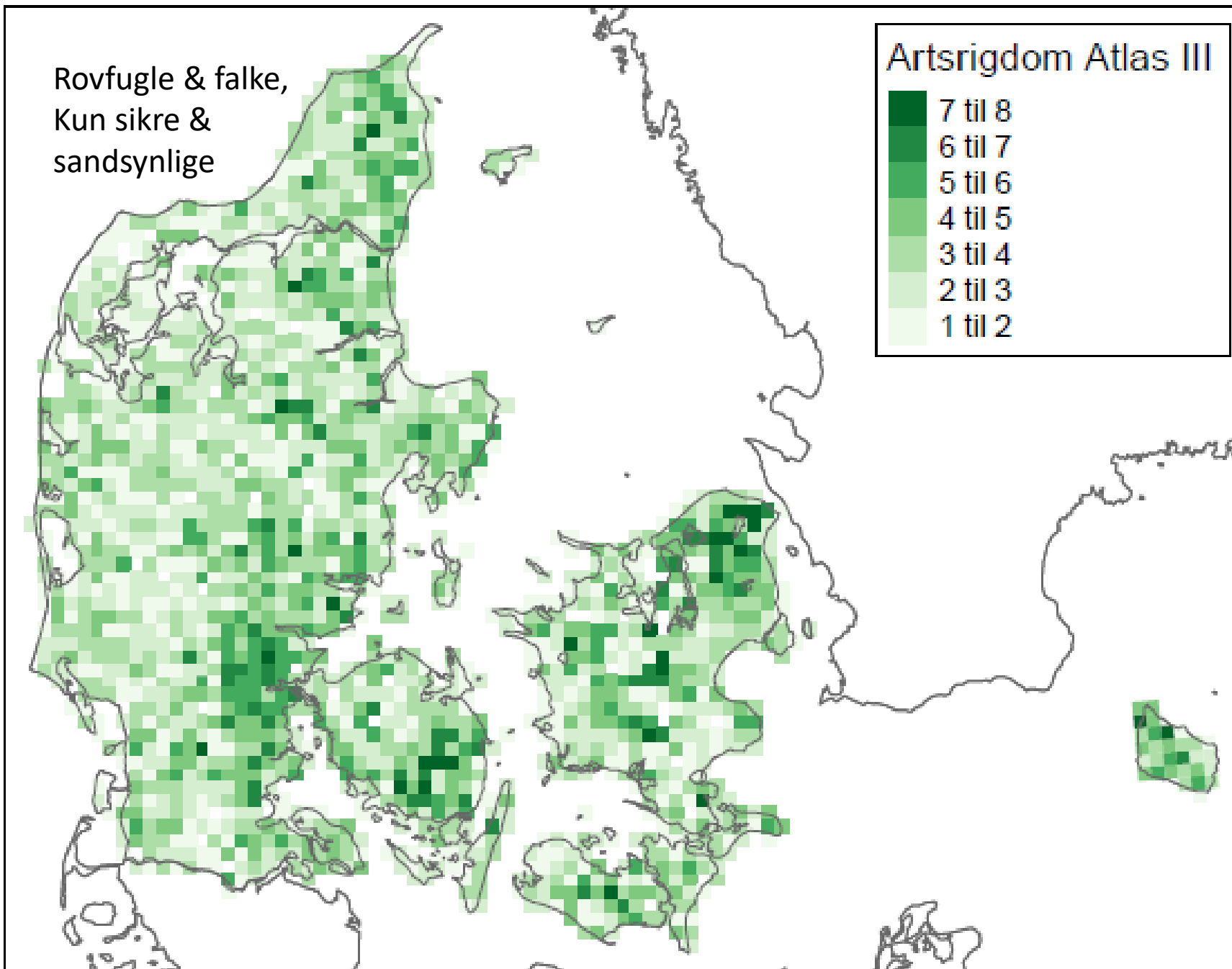
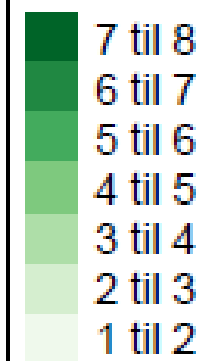
For nu at tage konklusionen først...

...med et citat fra en kommende artikel fra Rovfuglegruppen

Det er svært at bevare pessimismen mht. de danske rovfuglebestande generelt set. Artsdiversiteten blandt de ynglende rovfugle i Danmark de sidste 50 år har ikke været større end nu. Danmark ser nu ud til at være nærmest mættet med de arter af rovfugle, der er standfugle, og kun forbedring/forøgelse af arternes levesteder vil kunne forøge antallet væsentlig for de fleste arters vedkommende. De arter som trækker bort, døjer dog med problemer på overvintringsstederne, forårsaget af menneskets aktiviteter (Nielsen m.fl. *in prep.*)

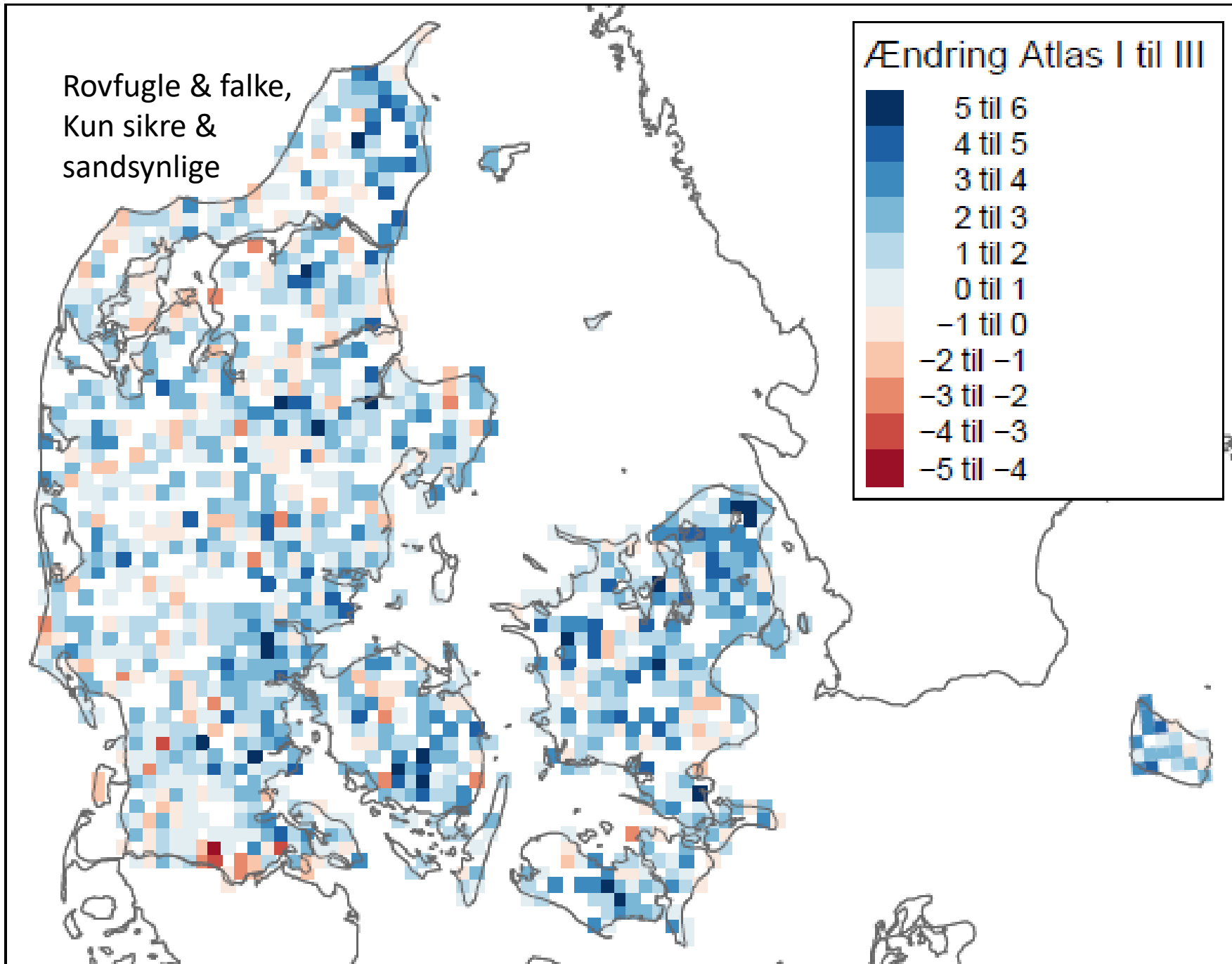
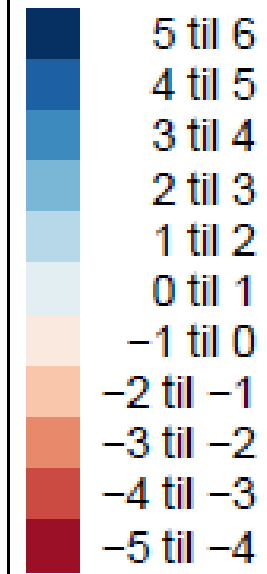
Rovfugle & falke,
Kun sikre &
sandsynlige

Artsrigdom Atlas III



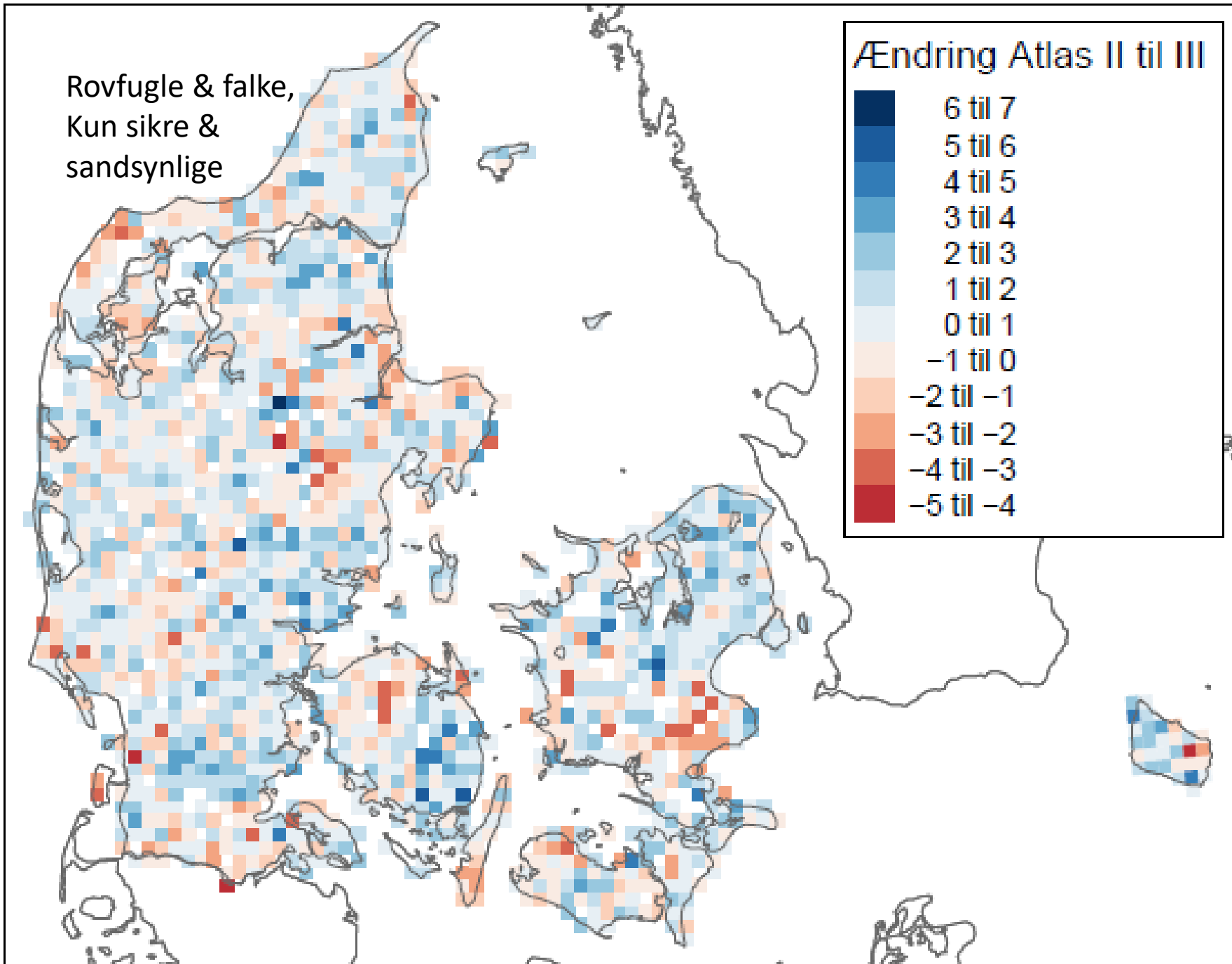
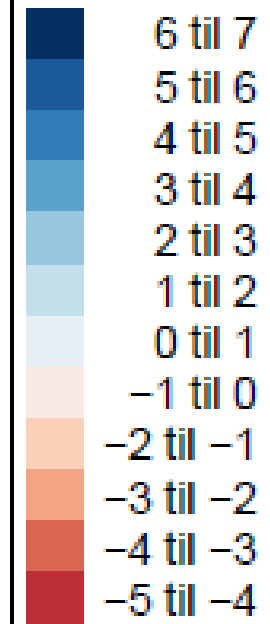
Rovfugle & falke,
Kun sikre &
sandsynlige

Ændring Atlas I til III



Rovfugle & falke,
Kun sikre &
sandsynlige

Ændring Atlas II til III



FISKEØRN

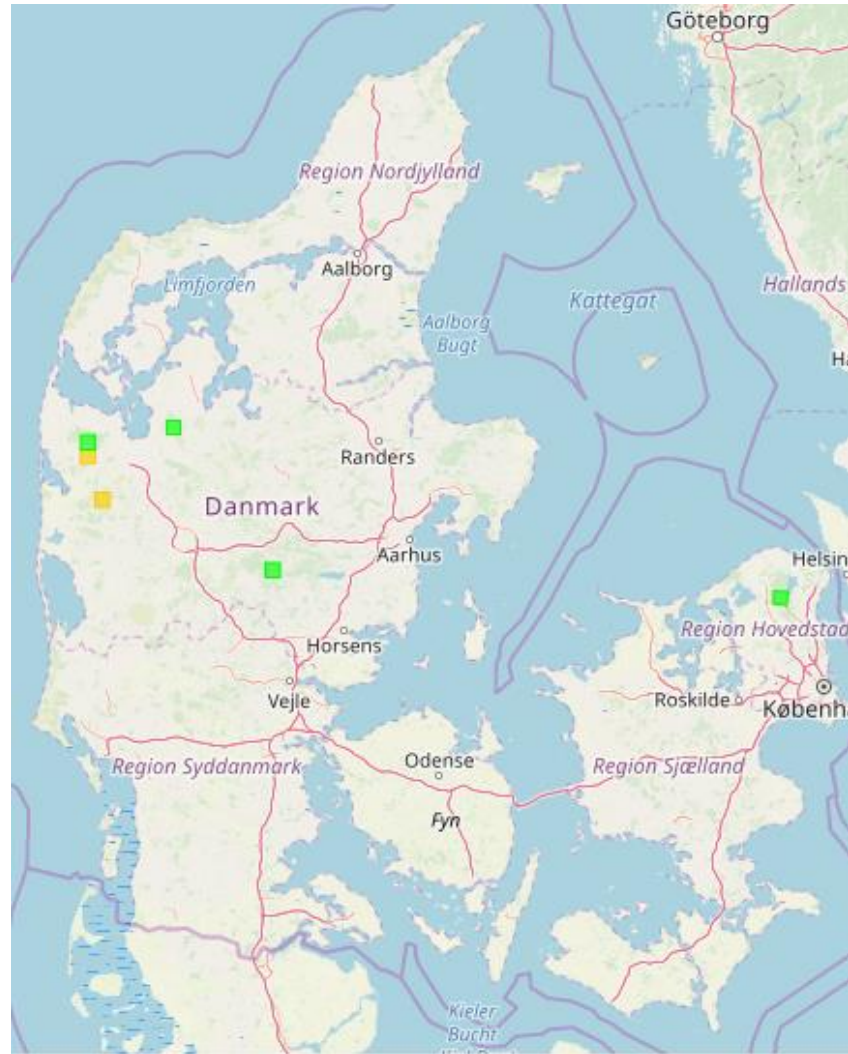
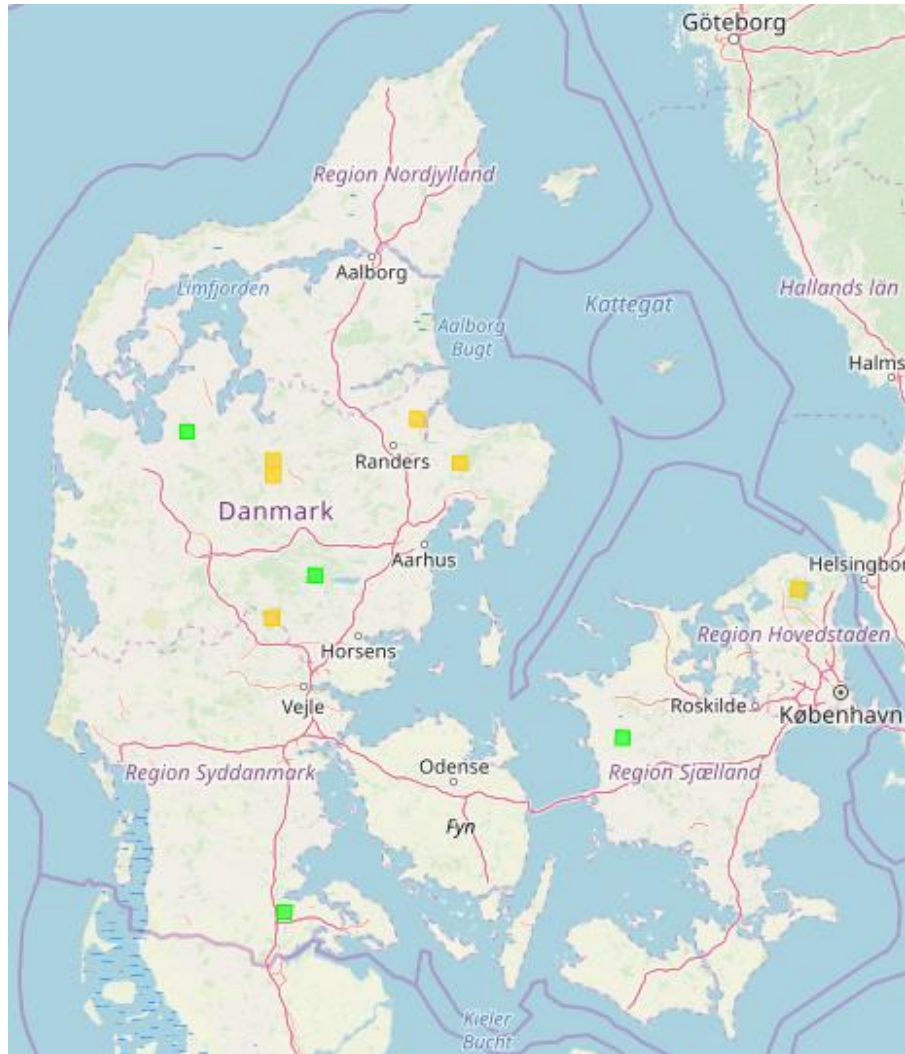


Foto: Jørn Skeldahl

HVEPSEVÅGE

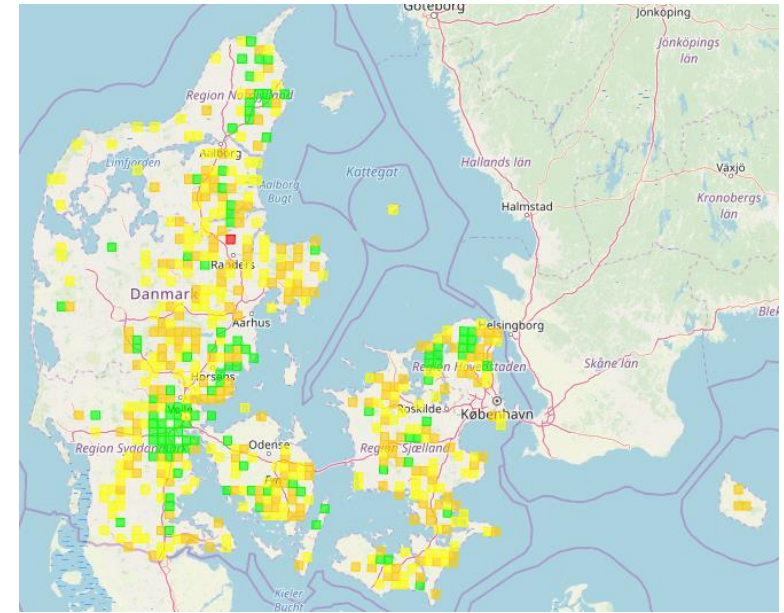
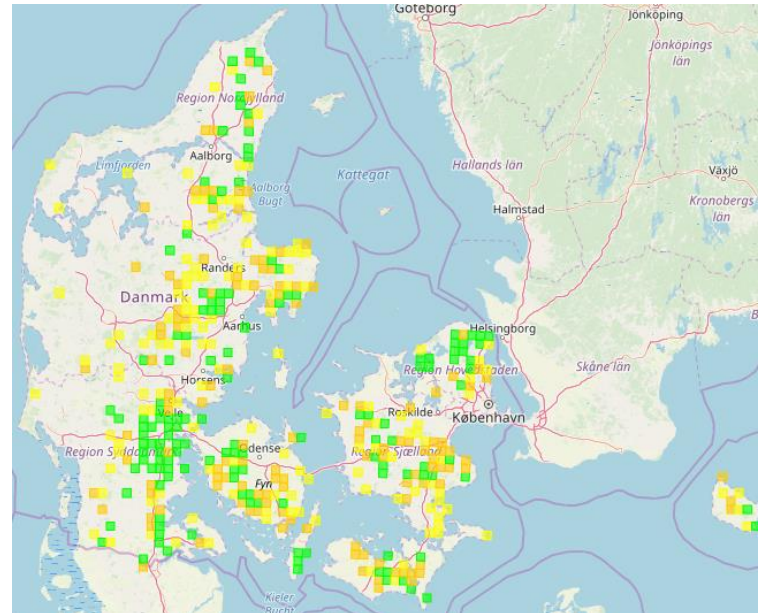
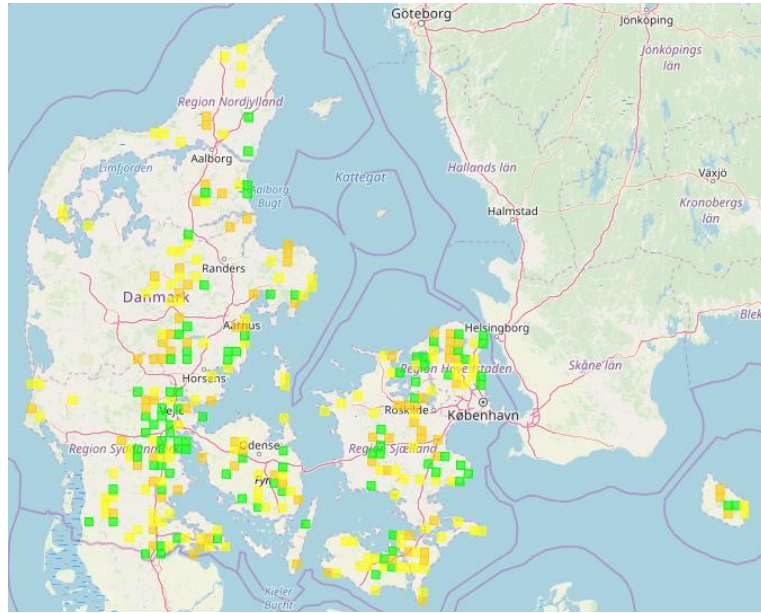
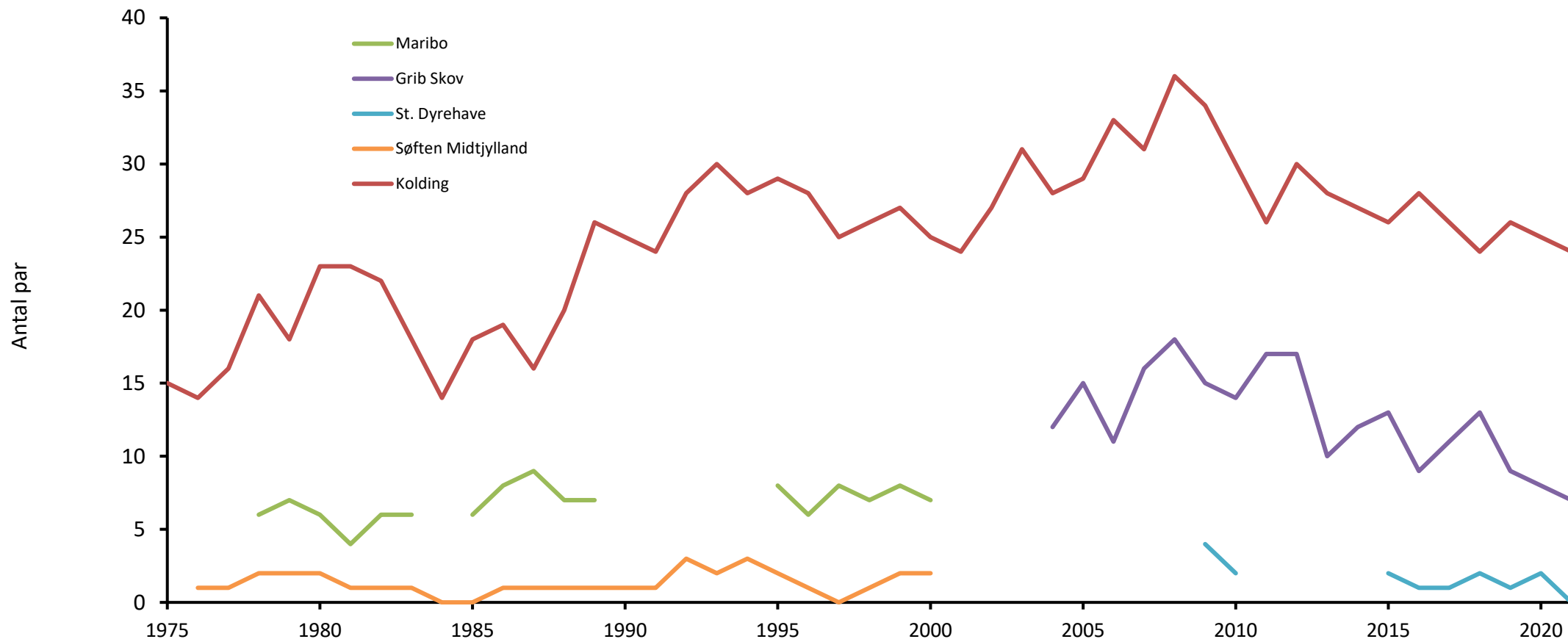


Foto: J. Ole Andersen

Hvepsevågens bestandsudviklingen i fem af Rovfuglegruppens censusområder, som har data efter 1995. Maribo: 100 km² 1978-2000 (- 1984, 1990-1994). Gribskov: 65 km² 2004-2021. Store Dyrehave: 12 km² 2009-2021 (-2001-2014). Søften: 70 km² 1976-2000. Kolding: 680 Km² 1975-2021. Arten har været i fremgang, men ser nu ud til at være i tilbagegang. Fra Nielsen m.fl. *in prep*



HEDEHØG

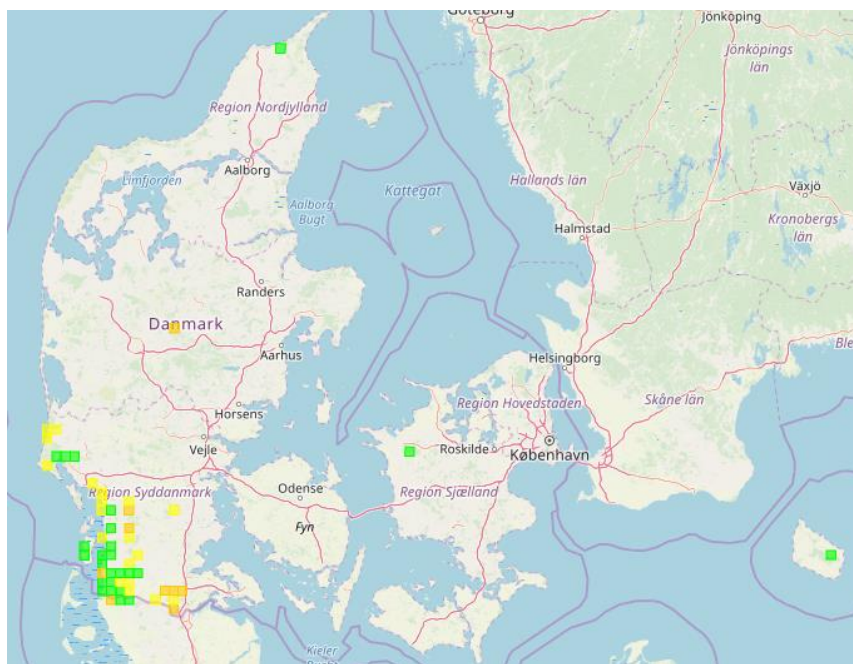
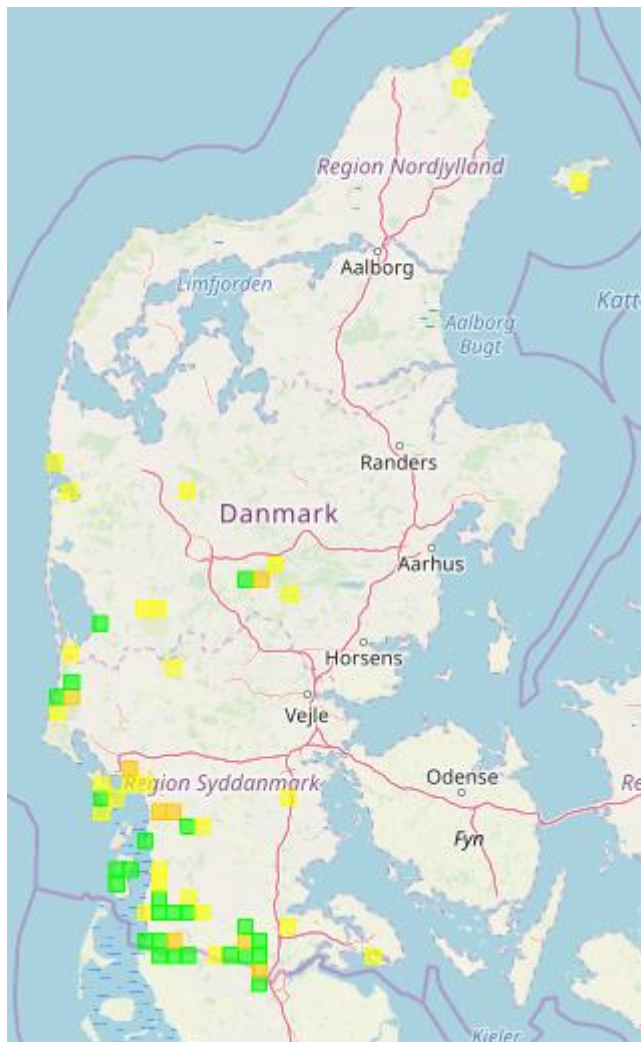
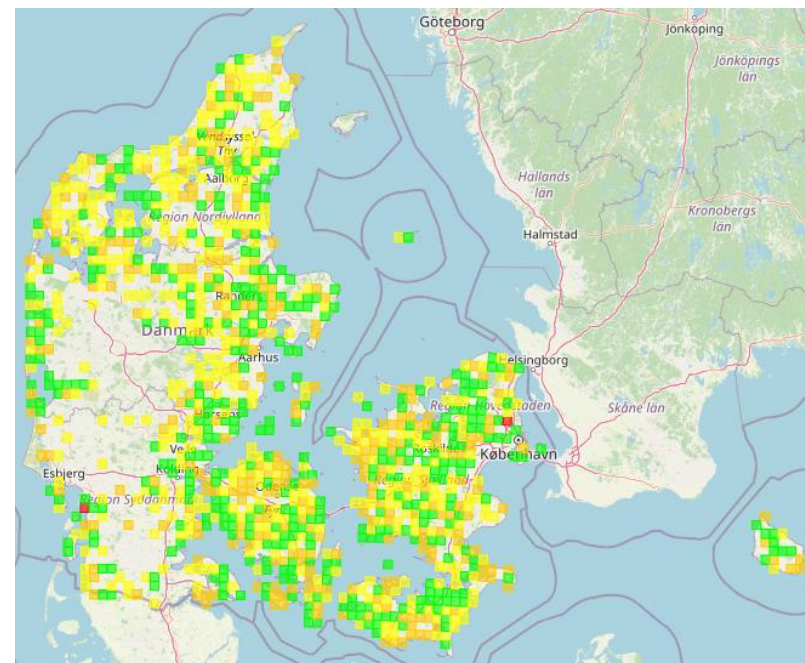
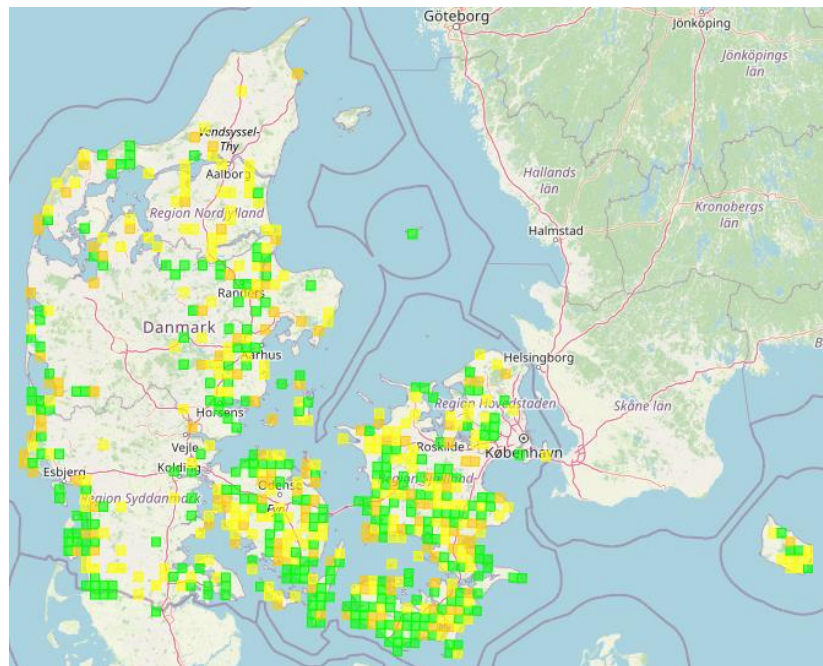
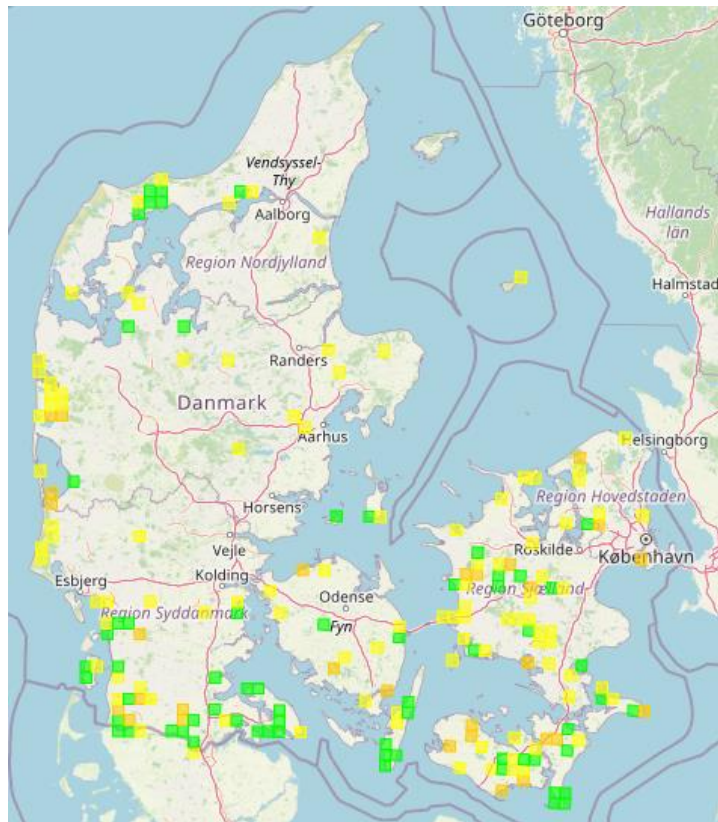


Foto: Torben Andersen

RØRHØG



Rørhøg
Circus aeruginosus

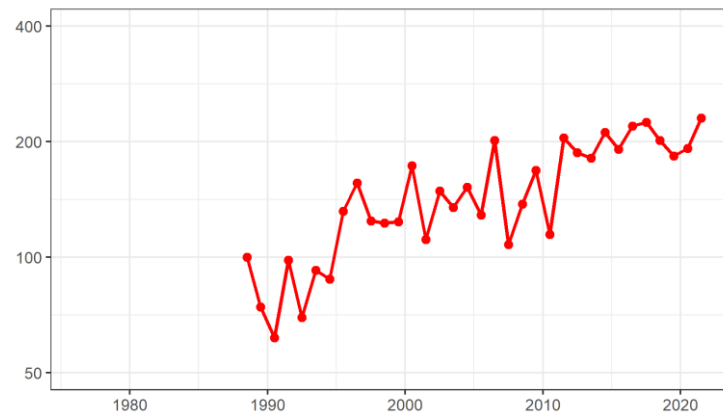
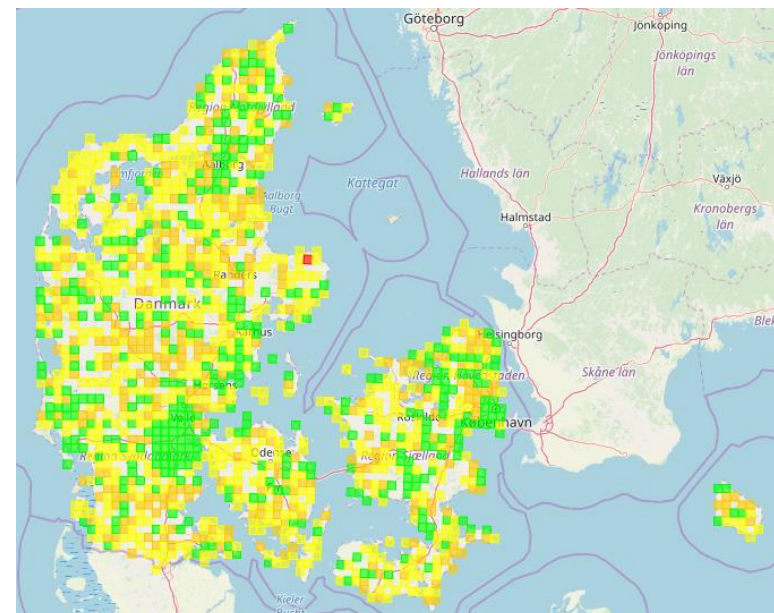
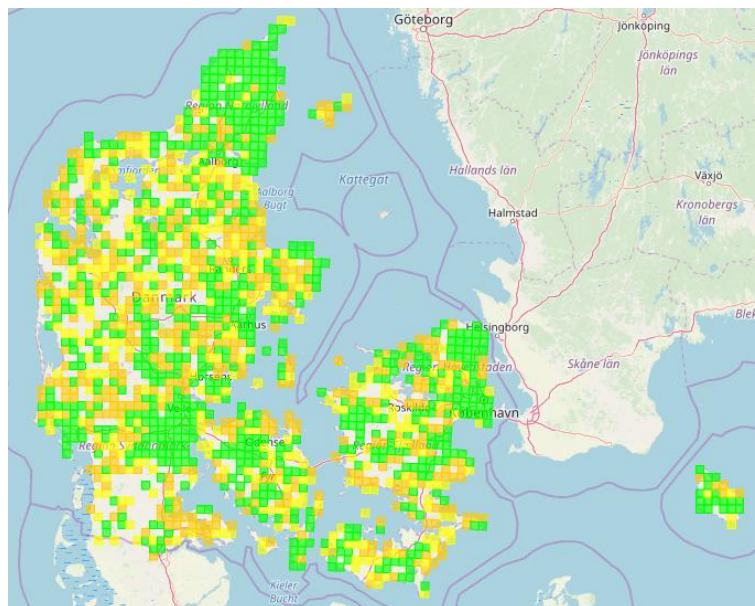
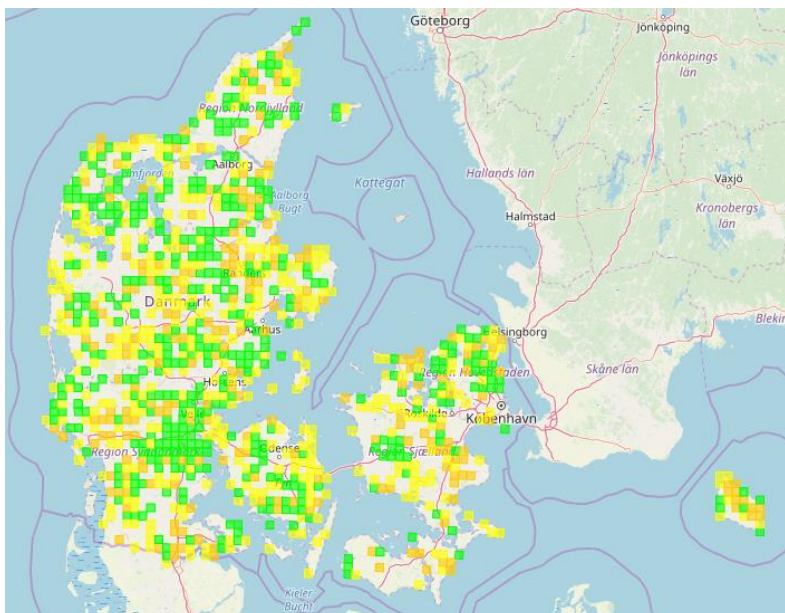


Foto: John Larsen

SPURVEHØG



Spurvehøg
Accipiter nisus

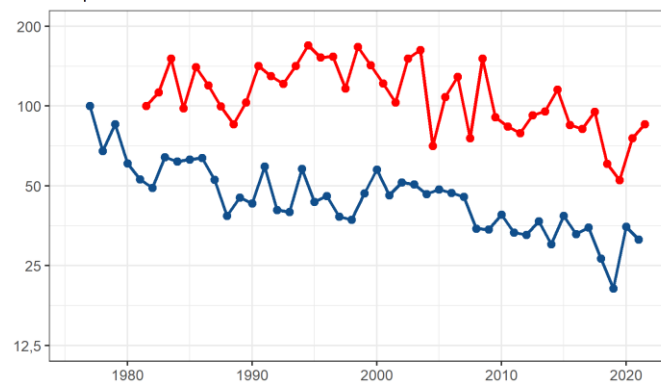
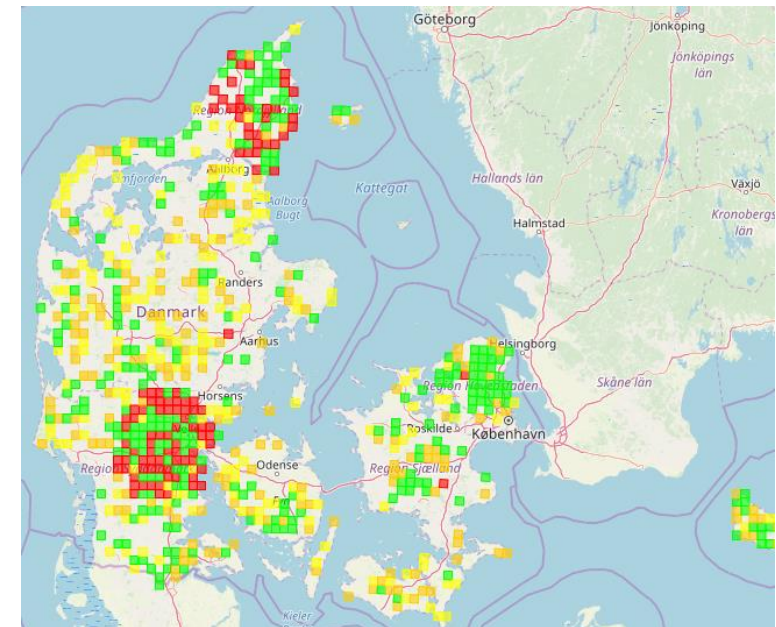
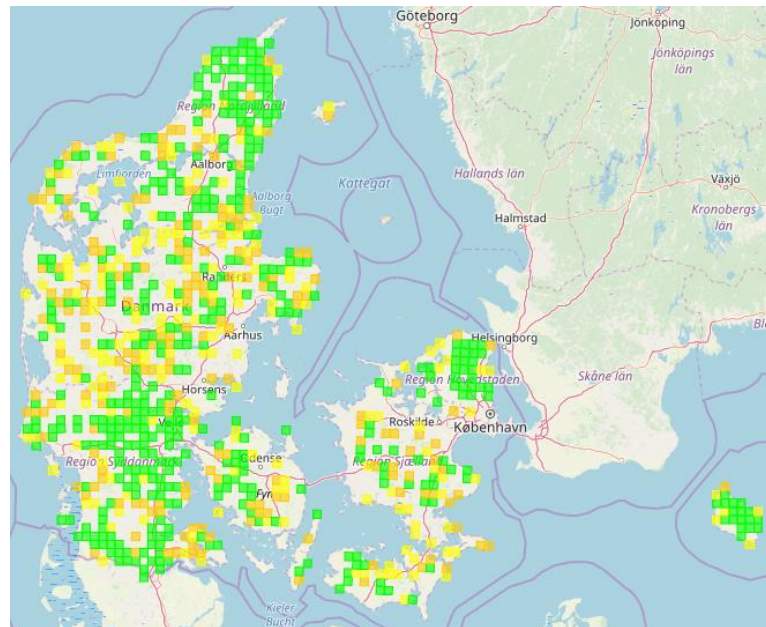
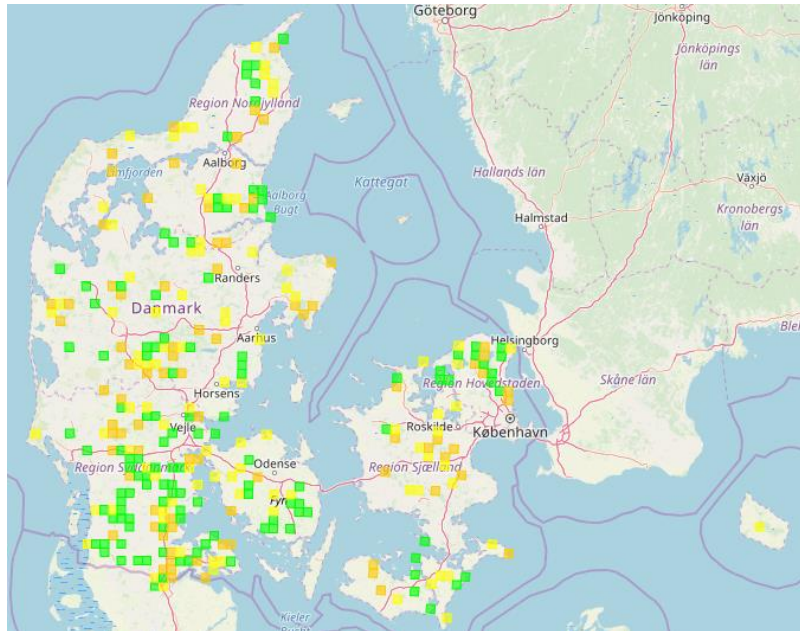


Foto: Poul Holm Pedersen

DUEHØG



Duehøg
Accipiter gentilis

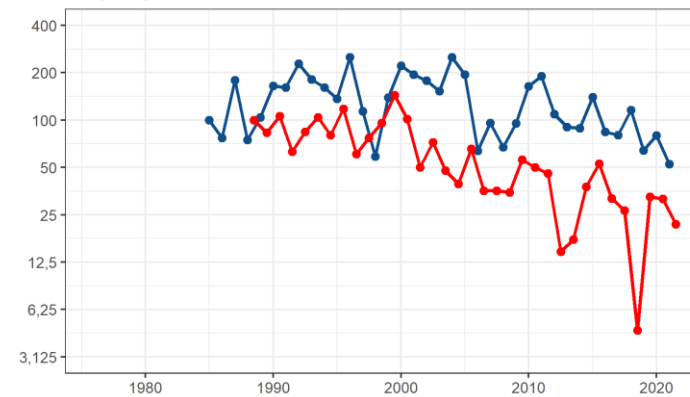
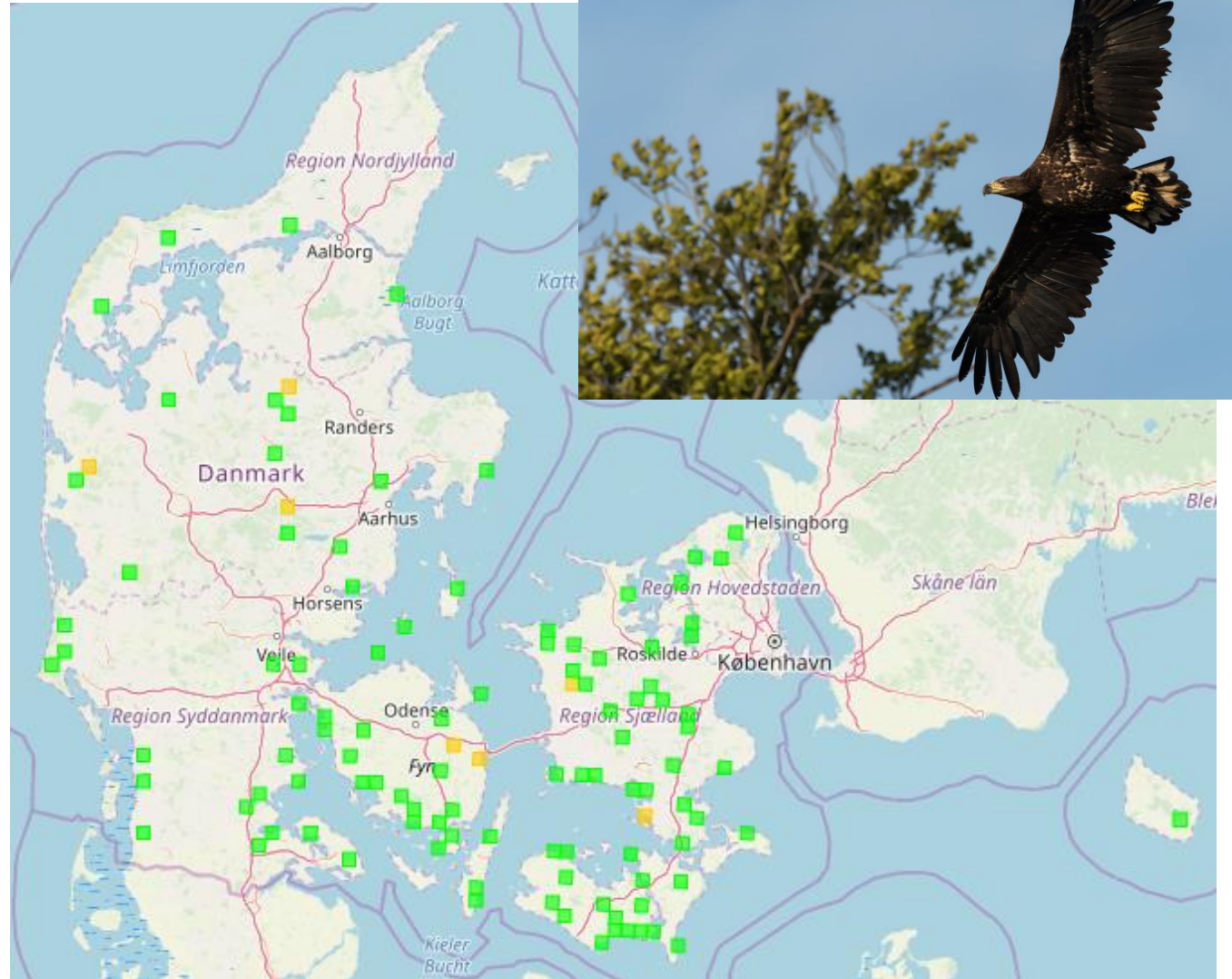
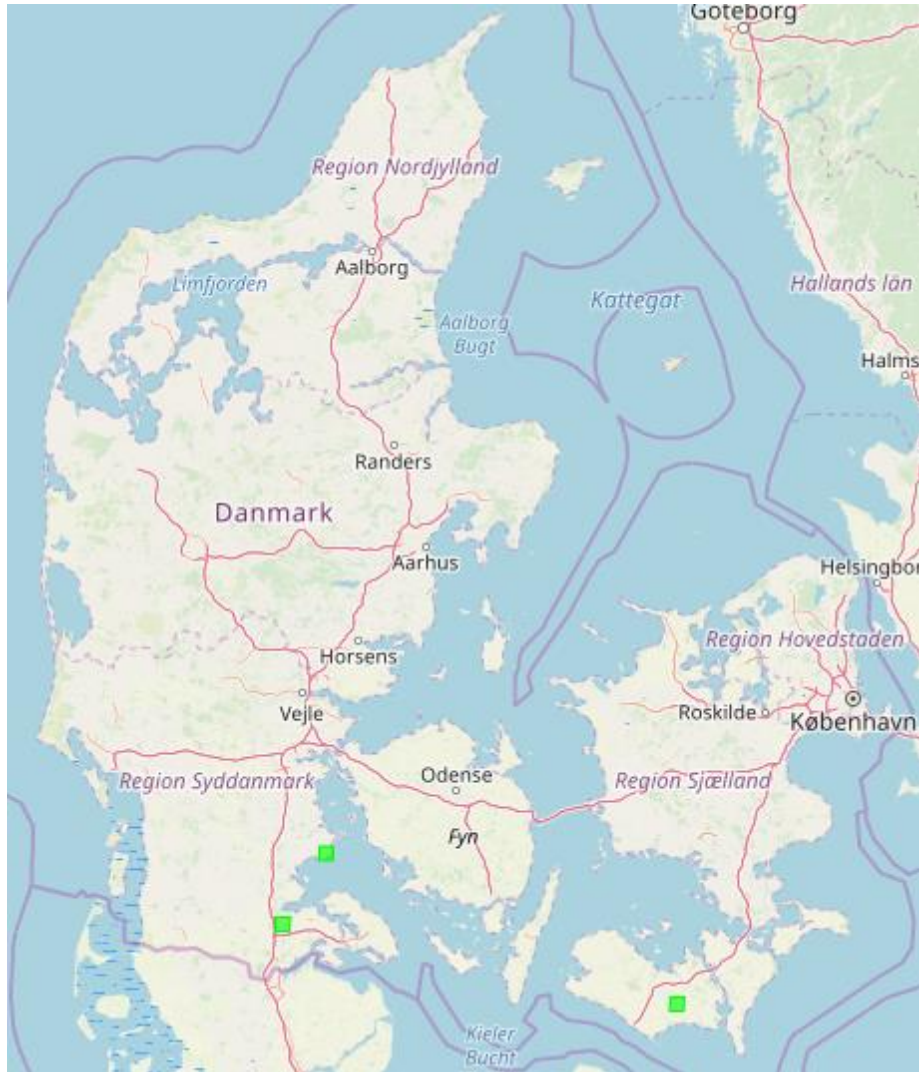


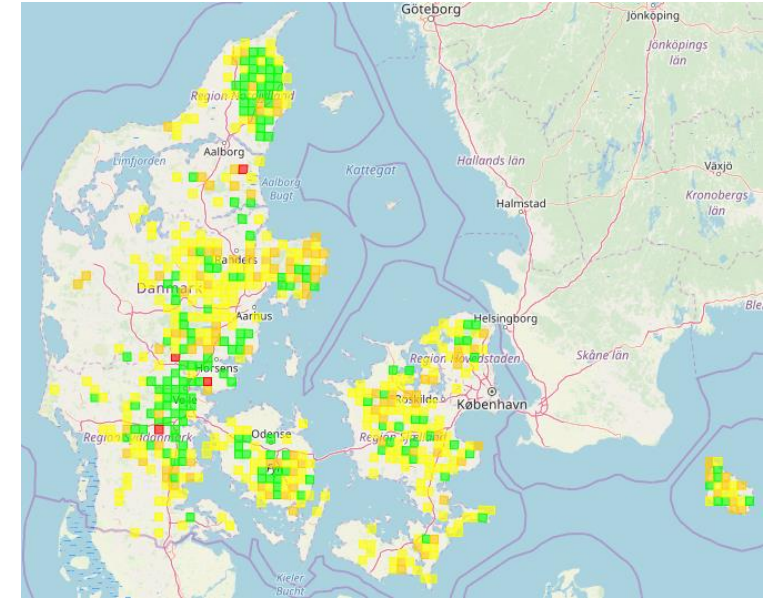
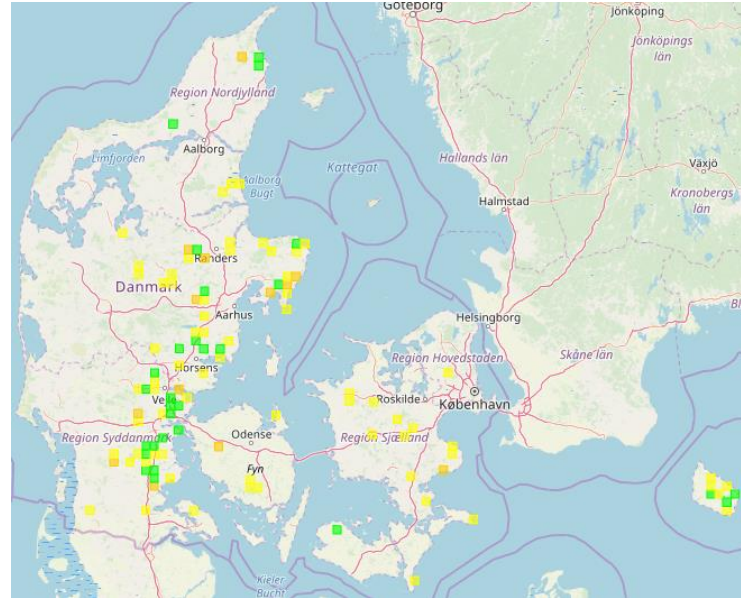
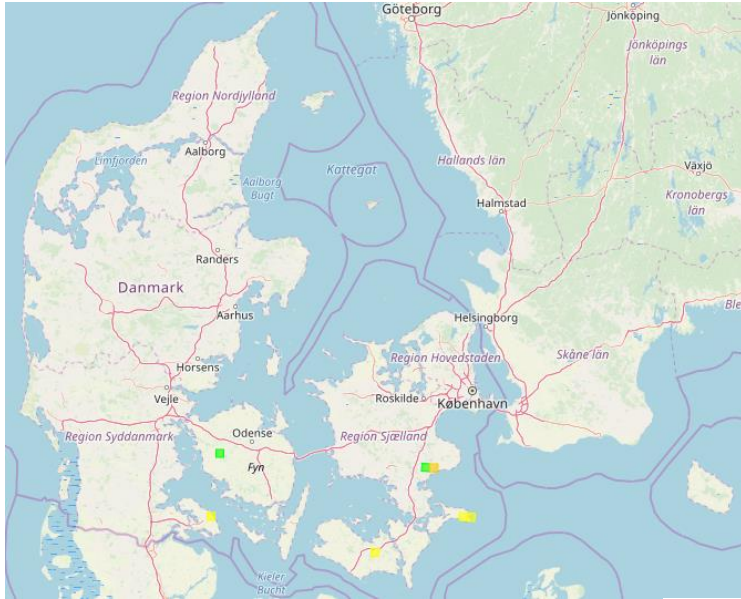
Foto: Knud Falk

HAVØRN

Foto: Torben Andersen



RØD GLENTE



Rød Glente
Milvus milvus

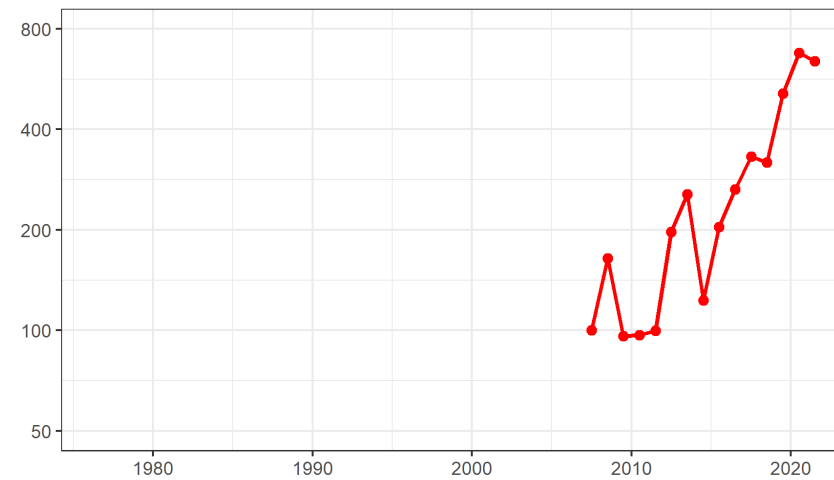
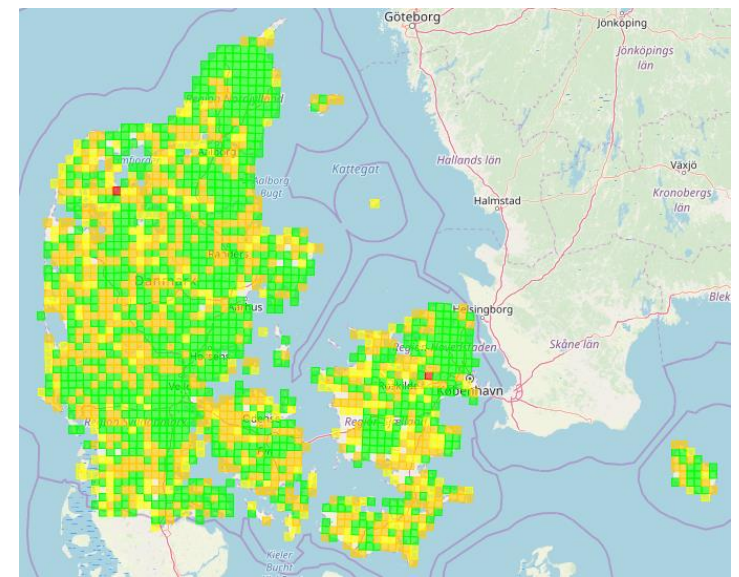
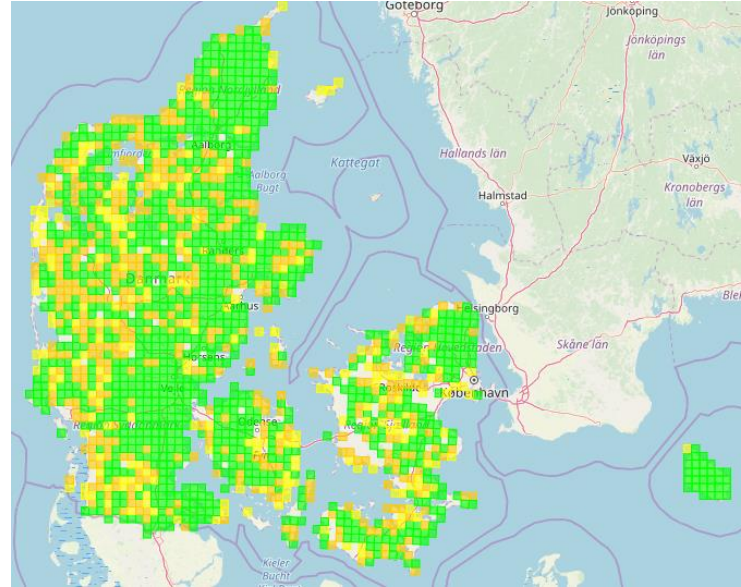
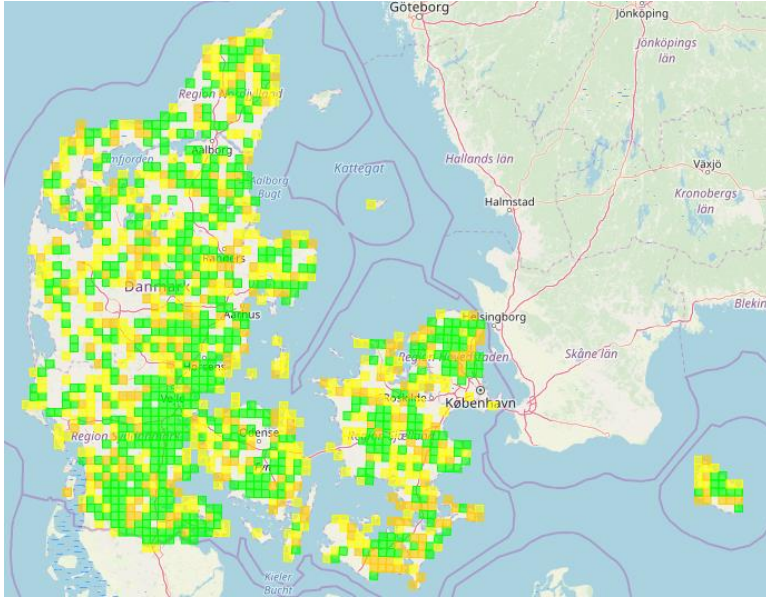


Foto: Bo Svensmark

MUSVÅGE



Musvåge
Buteo buteo

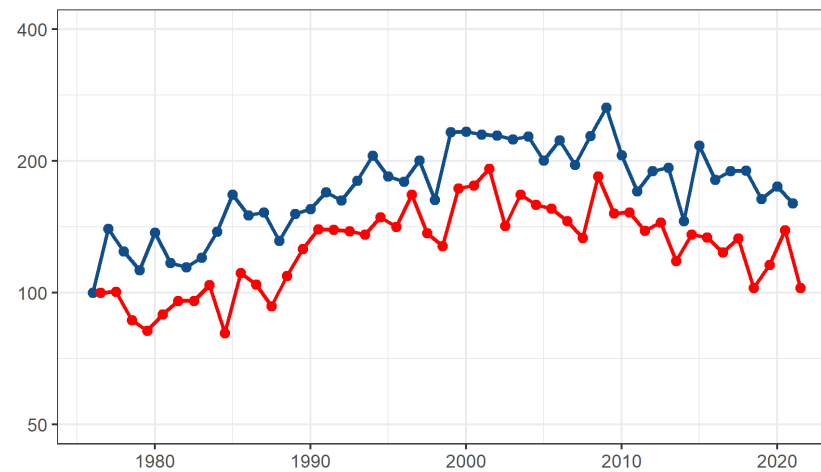
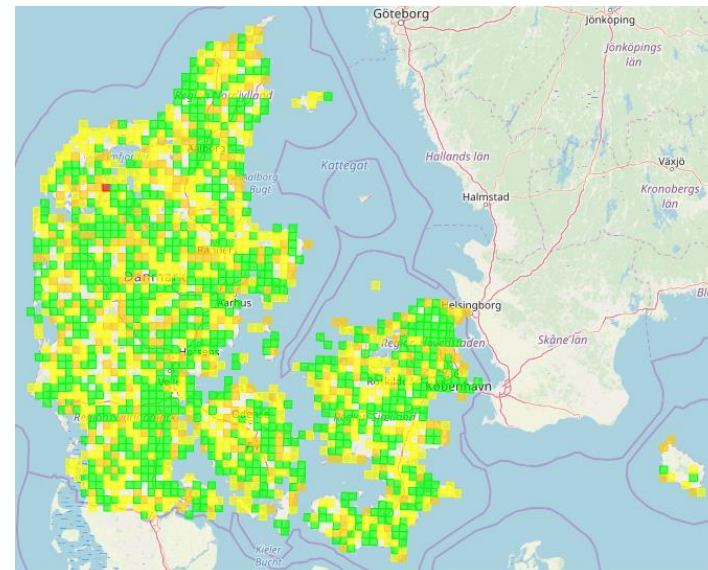
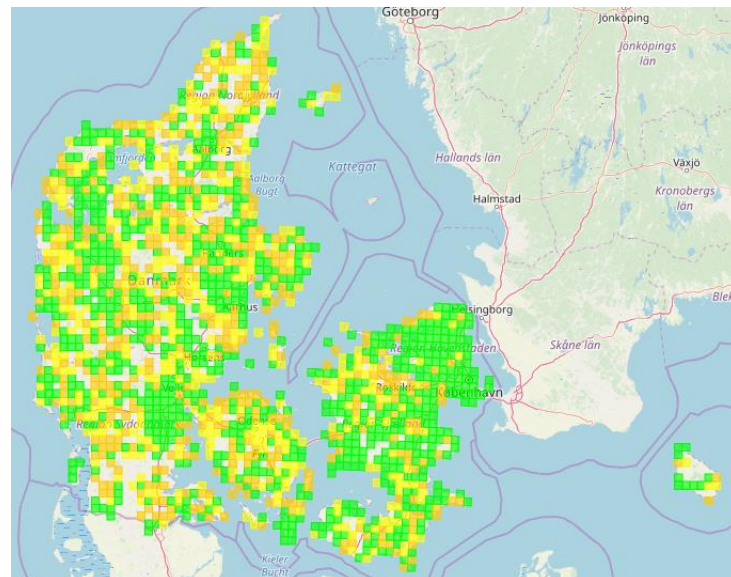
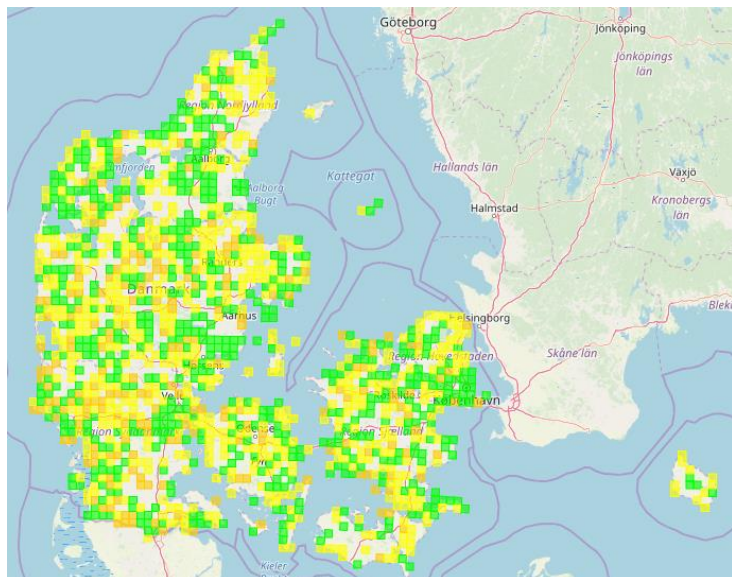


Foto: Daniel Palm Eskildsen

TÅRNFALK



Tårnfalk
Falco tinnunculus

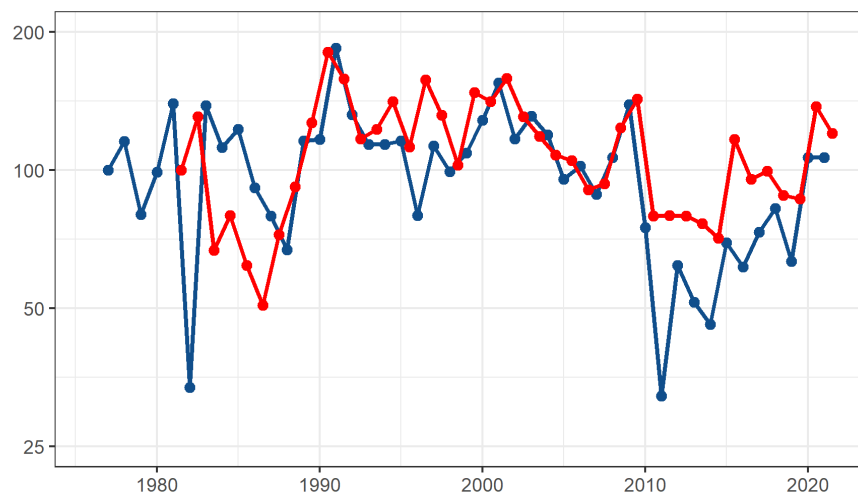


Foto: Henrik Hougaard Larsen

LÆRKEFALK

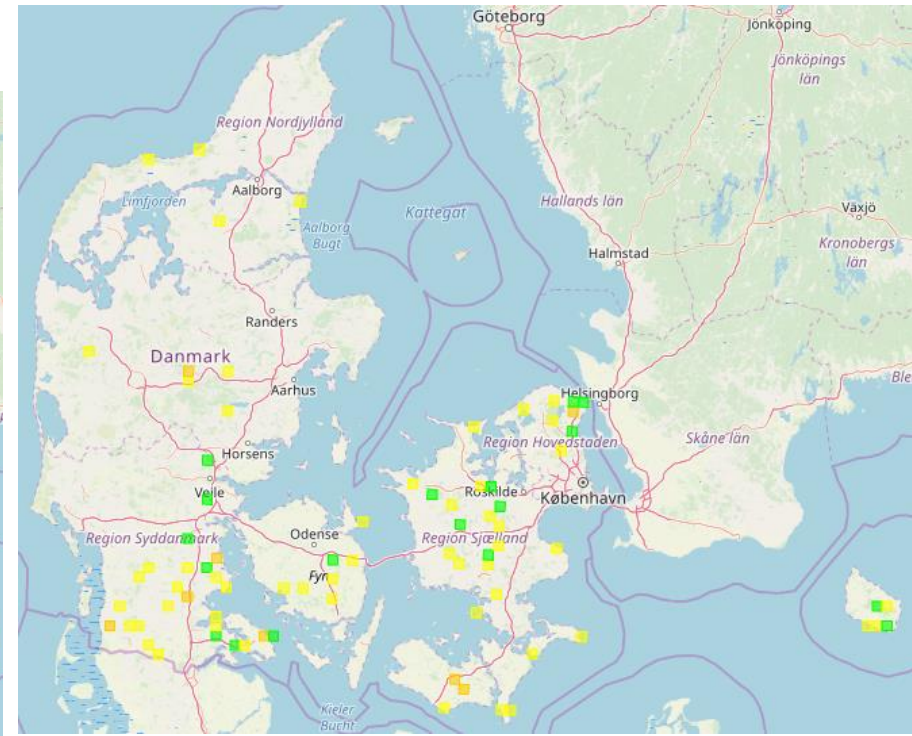
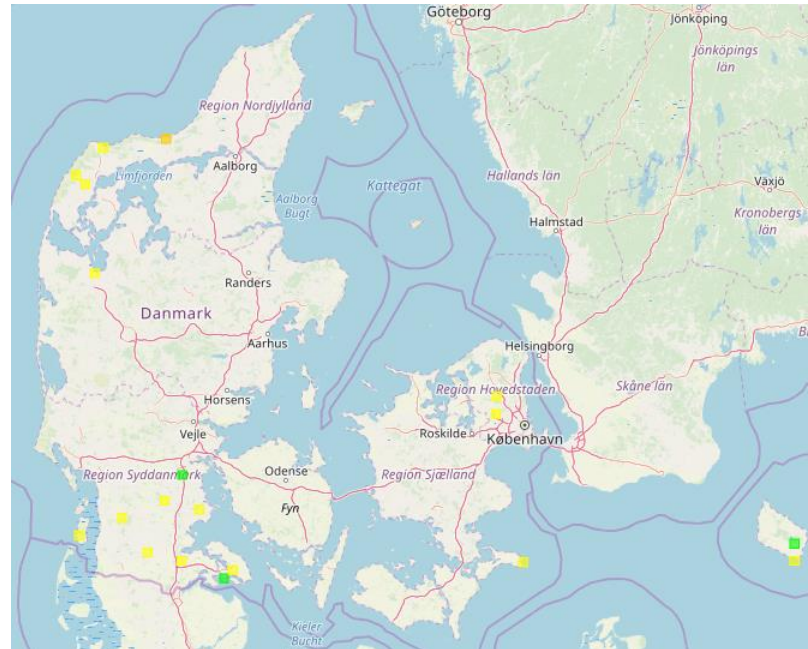
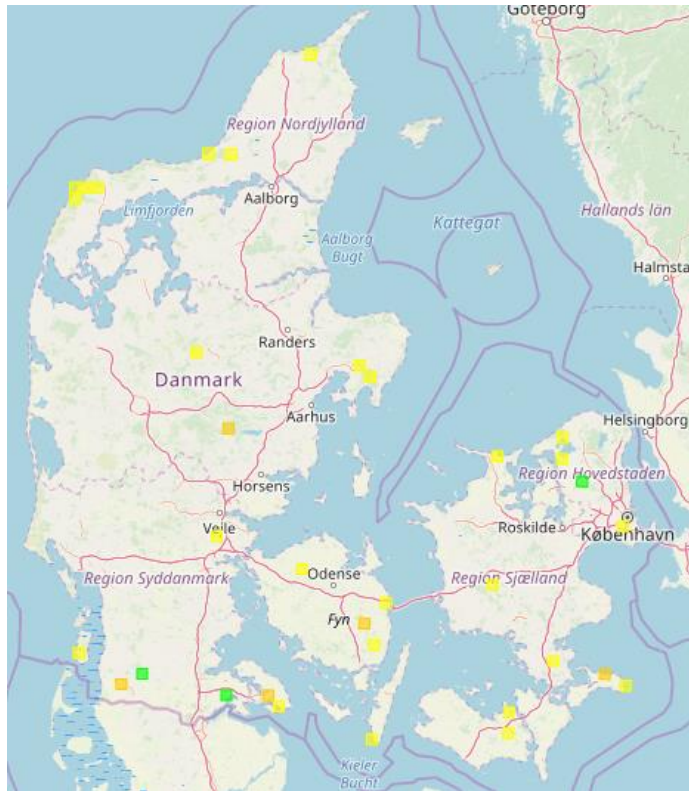


Foto: John Larsen

VANDREFALK

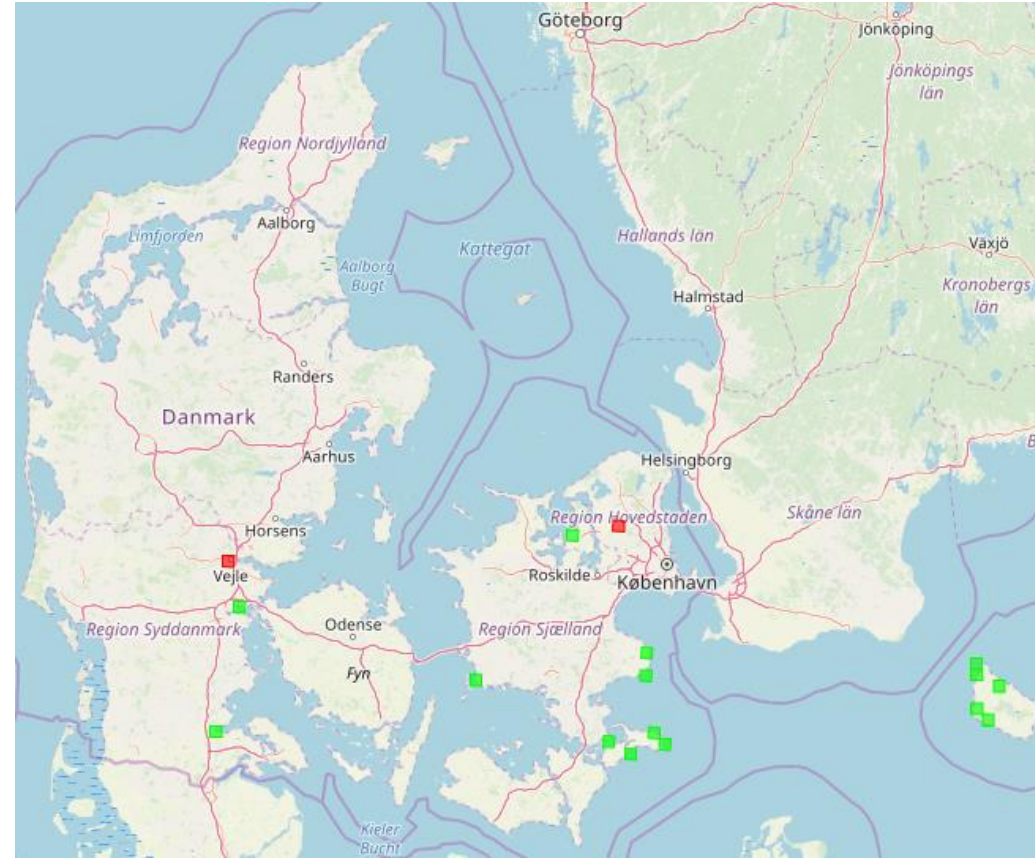
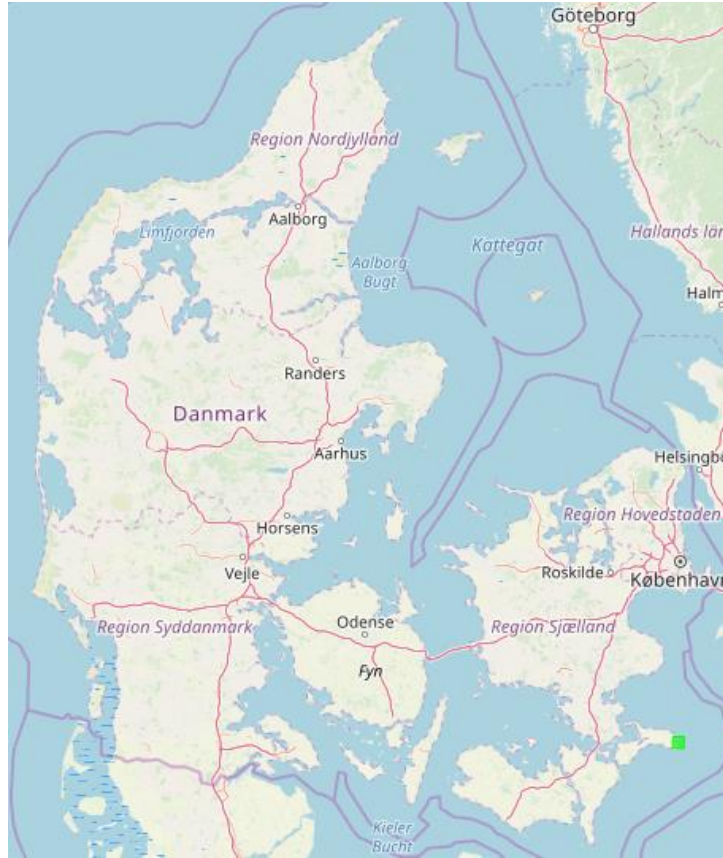


Foto: John Larsen

Population estimates (pairs) for the 14 species of breeding birds of prey in Denmark 1972-2021. Figures in "1975 JTN" denote revised population estimates based on present knowledge.

Art Species	1975 Dyck et al.	1975 JTN	1985 HEJ	1995 HEJ	2005 JTN	2015 JTN	2021 JTN
Fiskeørn	0-2	0-2	0-2	3 til 5	1	5	8
Hvepsevåge	200-400	200-400	600-700	650	600-700	500-600	350-450
Kongeørn	0	0	0	0	3	4	5
Rørhøg	75-100	150	600	650	700	750-800	900-1100
Blå Kærhøg	0	0	0	5	0	0	0
Hedehøg	20-50	20-50	40-50	40	20-25	24-27	22-29
Spurvehøg	1000-1500	2800-3200	3100	3500	3000-3500	3000	2500-3000
Duehøg	150-250	300-400	650	1050*	600	550	500
Havørn	0	1	0	3	13	72	155-160
Rød Glente	0-2	0-2	15	25-30	100	200	325-375
Musvåge	1500-2000	3000	5000	6000	7000	6000	4500-5000
Tårnfalk	2000-2500	2000-2500	1500	2500	2000	1500	1500-1700
Lærkefalk	5-10	5-10	10	10	15-18	10-20	20-30
Vandrefalk	0	0	0	0	1	19	24